

History of Sewers in Seattle

- 1883 First sewer Madison, Fifth to Elliott Bay
- 1922 Total of 30 raw sewage outfalls existed
- 1950 Practice of constructing combined sewers discontinued
- 1972 & 1977 Clean Water Act
 - Established NPDES Program
 - Provided for enforcement actions

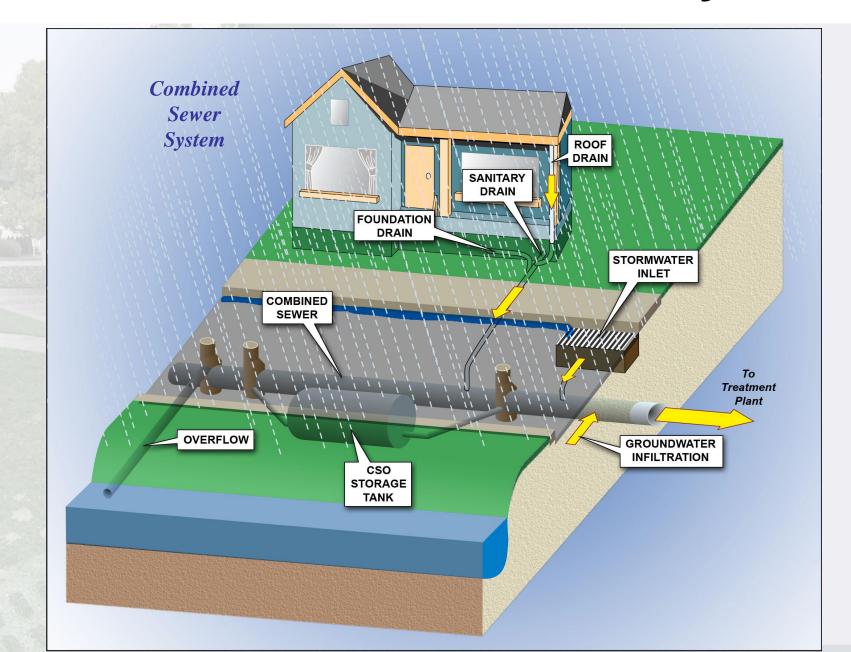


Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO)?

In parts of Seattle, wastewater (from homes, businesses) and stormwater (from rooftops, streets, parking lots) flow in a single pipe - a "combined sewer."

During heavy rains, stormwater (about 90%) and sewage (about 10%) exceed the capacity of the system, causing a combined sewer overflow or CSO into the nearest body of water.

What is a combined sewer system?



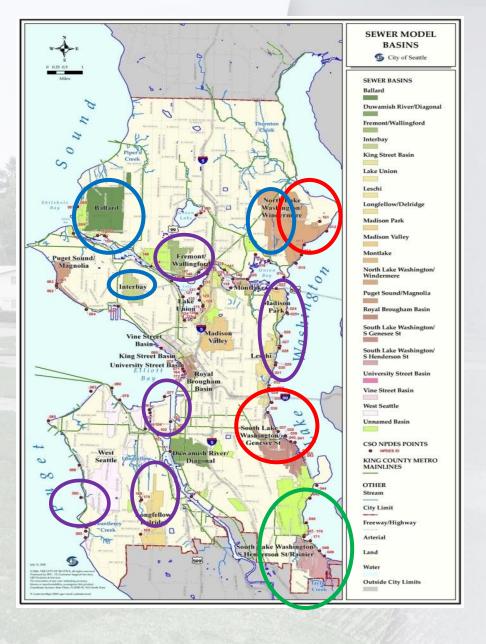
Combined Sewer Overflows (CSOs)

- 90 permitted CSO outfalls
- 100 million gallons CSO discharge annually
- About 200 CSO discharge events annually



CSO Program Goals

- Finish the historic effort
- Improve water quality
- Comply with the Clean Water Act, state/federal regulations, permits & orders
- Minimize rate impacts
- Partner for cost-effective solutions



Focus on Next 5 Years

- Improve existing system
 - retrofits
- Construct storage projects in three CSO basins
- Pilot green infrastructure projects
- Complete Long-Term Control Plan

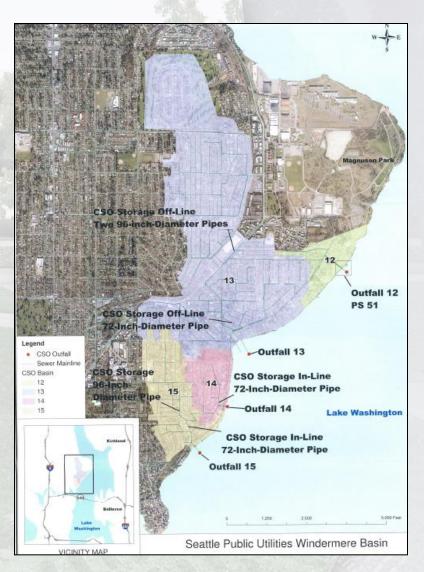


Green for Green

- Leader in Green
 Stormwater Infrastructure
- Allows stormwater to slowly filter into the ground, keeping it out of the sewer system
- RainWise offers incentives for homeowners to install rain gardens and cisterns
- More info at www.rainwise.seattle.gov

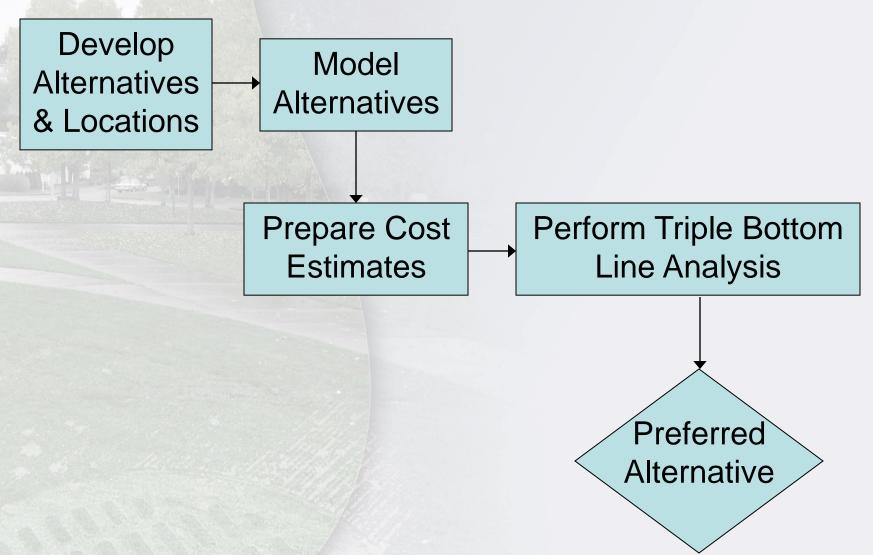


Windermere CSO Basin



- Top-Priority Basin
- ♦ 848 Acres
- ♦ Construction 2012-2014
- Reduces CSOs from 12 times to 1 time per year
- Storage Tank 2.05 MG

Screening Process



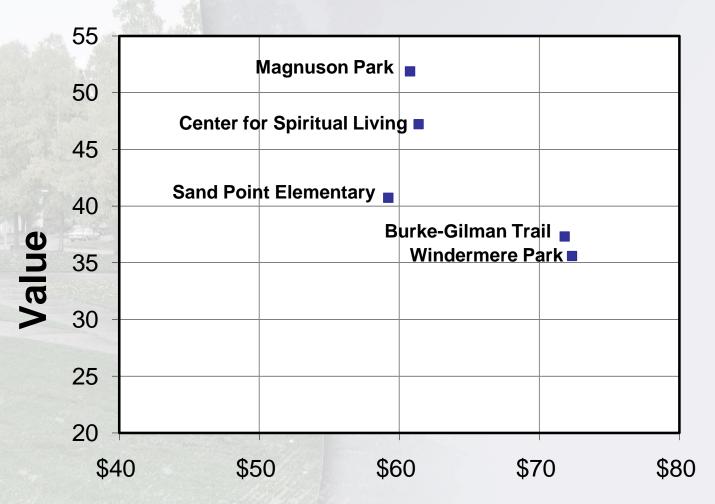
Screening Criteria

- Minimize long-run life cycle cost
- Minimize construction impacts
- Community and stakeholder acceptance
 - Protect the environment
 - Practical & safe to maintain & secure
 - Consistent with City Green & Sustainability initiative
 - Maximize flexibility & system redundancy

Top Alternatives



Value vs. Cost



Present Value of Costs* (\$m)

*Costs are based on planning level estimates

Alternative 1 – Magnuson Park



Three Alternatives

- 1A: Parks Property –
 NE 65th St Entrance
- 1B: Housing Site –
 Meadows at NE 65th
 St Entrance
- ◆ 1C: Housing Site South of NE 65th St

Preferred Site – Magnuson Park 1C: South of NE 65th St



- Discussing with Housing, Parks, UW and Solid Ground
- Currently used by Parks for storage and staging
- CSO storage will be buried
- Site could still be used for housing

Magnuson Park Alternative 1C



Diversion Piping



Preferred Route



- No impact to Burke-Gilman Trail
- Impacts to Sand Point Way: 1-2 lane closures for approximately 3-4 months
- Maintain access on NE 65th St and to boat ramp

Community Concerns

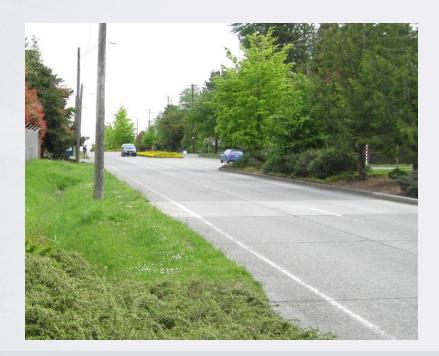
- Traffic & Park Access
- Work Hours & Workplace Expectations
- Parking
- Noise
- Odors
- Maintenance
- Structural Integrity
- Site Restoration



Traffic Requirements

- Minimize lane closures & impact to traffic
- Maximize number of traffic lanes open during peak hours
- Maintain safe pedestrian & bicycle walkways
- Maintain access for emergency vehicles
- Minimize construction impacts to traffic during peak hours





Park Access

 Maintain traffic access on NE 65th Street & minimize impacts to Park users and USGS staff



Noise During Construction

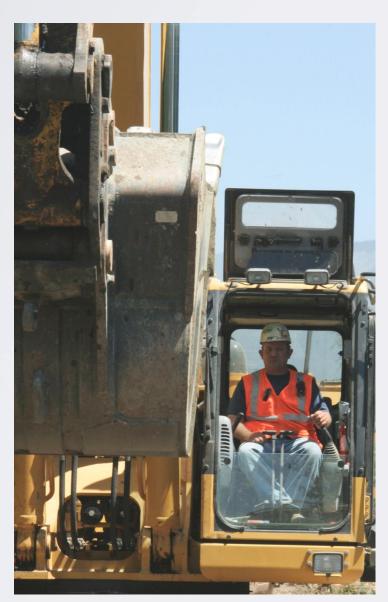
- Will meet City of Seattle noise requirements for construction
- Sounds created by construction equipment are limited to:
 - 7 am to 7 pm weekdays
 - 9 am to 7 pm weekends
 and legal holidays



Typical Work Hours

Construction Schedule

- Monday-Friday
 - Between 7 am and 7 pm
- Possible weekends and holidays
 - Between 9 am and 7 pm



Workplace Expectations

- Respect for the community & neighbors
- Partner with the contractor for workplace expectations
- Public call line



Parking

 Construction worker parking limited to designated area



Odor Control During Operation

- Buried odor control in vaults
- Odor system operates year round
- Carbon-based air scrubber
- Vent designed to blend in with other site features





Maintenance Requirements

- Routine inspection (1 day/month)
- Event inspection (2-3 times/year)
- Regular equipment inspection truck or van
- Cleaning (2-3 days every 1 to 5 years)
 - Cleaning Equipment vactor truck or crane



Structural Integrity

- Earthquake design standards
- Structural inspection after an earthquake
- Tank will fill 2 to 3 times per year on average



Restoration and Future Use



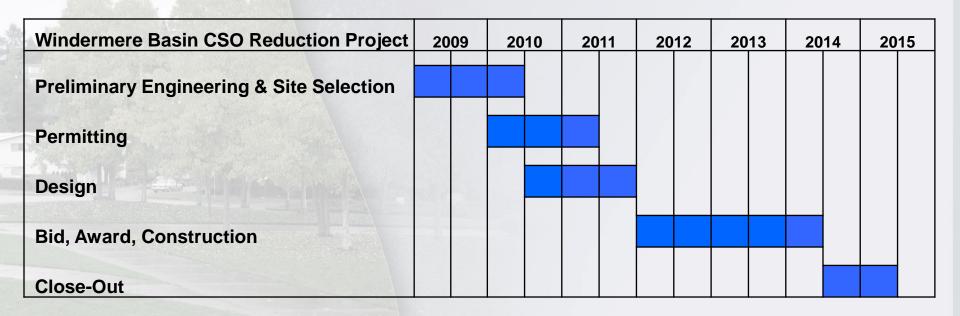
Existing Site Condition

- Remove existing facilities
- Plant with native vegetation
- Parking & turnaround for maintenance vehicles
- Street restoration
- Pedestrian improvements on NE 65th Street
- Future use to be determined by Office for Housing

Next Steps

- Engineering Activities
- Land surveying
- Geotechnical borings
- Historical/cultural research
- Environmental review
- Continued public outreach during design & construction

Project Schedule



Previous Outreach to Community Stakeholders

- ✓ February 17 Solid Ground
- ✓ March 10 Magnuson Park Advisory Committee
- ✓ April 1 Northeast District Council

- ✓ April 20 View Ridge Community Council
- ✓ April 21 Hawthorne Hills Community Council
- ✓ April 23 UW Housing

Project Outreach

- Project Information Meeting
- Outreach to community organizations:
 - Northeast District Council
 - Magnuson Park Advisory Council
 - Hawthorne Hills Community Council
 - View Ridge Community Council
 - UW Housing, Solid Ground, Parks
- Project e-mail: <u>SPU_WCSO@seattle.gov</u>
- Project hotline: 206-826-4767